WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE 2016 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 293

BY SENATORS WALTERS, BOSO AND SYPOLT

[Originating in the Committee on Finance; reported on February 16, 2016]

A BILL to amend and reenact §11-13J-3, §11-13J-4, §11-13J-4a, §11-13J-10 and §11-13J-12 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating generally to Neighborhood Investment Program Act; reauthorizing act until July 1, 2021; defining terms "community based" and "emergency assistance"; modifying definition of "economically disadvantaged area"; reducing frequency of required project transferee reports; reducing number of required advisory board meetings; reducing required number of West Virginia Development Office reports to the board; eliminating guidance on what a community-based project is when the board is evaluating a project; removing requirement that Tax Commissioner annually publish addresses of taxpayers who claim the credit; and reducing frequency of program assessments by the director.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §11-13J-3, §11-13J-4, §11-13J-4a, §11-13J-10 and §11-13J-12 of the Code of West

Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13J. NEIGHBORHOOD INVESTMENT PROGRAM.

§11-13J-3. Definitions.

- (a) *General.* When used in this article, or in the administration of this article, terms defined in subsection (b) of this section have the meanings ascribed to them by this section, unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the context in which the term is used, or by specific definition in this article.
 - (b) Terms defined. —
- (1) AAffiliate@ includes all business entities which are affiliates of each other when either directly or indirectly:
 - (A) One business entity controls or has the power to control the other business entity; or
- (B) A third party or third parties control or have the power to control both affiliates. In determining whether business entities are independently owned and operated and whether or not

- affiliation exists, consideration shall be given to all appropriate factors, including common ownership, common management and contractual relationships.
 - (2) ACapacity building@ means to generally enhance the capacity of the community to achieve improvements and to obtain the community services described in subparagraphs (i) through (v), inclusive, of the definition of that term, as set forth in subdivision (4) of this subsection. Capacity building includes, but is not limited to, improvement of the means, or capacity, to:
 - (i) Access, obtain and use private, charitable and governmental assistance programs, administrative assistance and private, charitable and governmental resources or funds;
 - (ii) Fulfill legal, bureaucratic and administrative requirements and qualifications for accessing assistance, resources or funds; and
 - (iii) Attract and direct political and community attention to needs of the community for the purpose of increasing access to and use of assistance, resources or funds for a given purpose, goal or need.
 - (3) ACommissioner or Tax Commissioner@ are used interchangeably in this article and mean the Tax Commissioner of the State of West Virginia, or his or her delegate.
 - (4) ACommunity services@ means services, provided at no charge whatsoever, of:
 - (i) Providing any type of health, personal finance, psychological or behavioral, religious, legal, marital, educational or housing counseling and advice to economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or in an economically disadvantaged area;
 - (ii) Providing emergency assistance or medical care to economically disadvantaged citizens or to a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or in an economically disadvantaged area;
 - (iii) Establishing, maintaining or operating recreational facilities, or housing facilities for economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically

disadvantaged citizens or in an economically disadvantaged area;

- (iv) Providing economic development assistance to economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens; without regard to whether they are located in an economically disadvantaged area, or to individuals, groups or neighborhood or community organizations, in an economically disadvantaged area; or
- (v) Providing community technical assistance and capacity building to economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens, or to individuals, groups or neighborhood or community organizations in an economically disadvantaged area.
- (5) ACompensation@ means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services.

"Community-based" means:

- (i) The project is to be managed locally, without national, state, multistate or international affiliations;
- (ii) The project will benefit local citizens in the immediate geographic area where the project is to operate; and
- (iii) The sponsor of the project is a local entity, rather than a statewide, national or international organization or an affiliate of a statewide, national or international organization.
- (6) ACorporation@ means any corporation, joint-stock company or association and any business conducted by a trustee or trustees in which interest or ownership is evidenced by a certificate of interest or ownership or similar written instrument.
 - (7) ACrime prevention@ means any activity which aids in the reduction of crime.
- (8) ADelegate@ in the phrase "or his or her delegate", when used in reference to the Tax Commissioner, means any officer or employee of the Tax Division of the Department of Revenue duly authorized by the Tax Commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of

73	authority, to perform the functions mentioned or described in this article.
74	(9) ADirector or Director of the West Virginia Development Office@ means the Director of
75	the West Virginia Development Office.
76	(10) AEconomically disadvantaged area@ means
77	(A) In a municipality Any area not exceeding fifteen square miles in West Virginia which
78	contains any portion of an incorporated municipality;
79	(i) In which area the aggregate poverty rate of persons residing in the area, based upon
80	the most recent decennial census of population, is at least one hundred twenty-five percent of the
81	statewide poverty rate; and
82	(ii) That is certified as an economically disadvantaged area by the West Virginia
83	Development Office;
84	(B) In a rural area Any area not exceeding twenty-five square miles in West Virginia:
85	(i) Which area is located in a rural area and which contains no incorporated municipalities
86	or portions thereof;
87	(ii) In which area the aggregate poverty rate of persons residing in the area, based upon
88	the most recent decennial census of population, is at least one hundred twenty-five percent of the
89	statewide poverty rate; and
90	(iii) That is certified as an economically disadvantaged area by the West Virginia
91	Development Office;
92	(C) An economically disadvantaged area qualifies only pursuant to a certification issued
93	by the West Virginia Development Office. The certifications issued by the West Virginia
94	Development Office expire after the passage of five calendar years, unless specifically limited to
95	a shorter time by specific order of the West Virginia Development Office, and no area shall hold
96	the status of a certified economically disadvantaged area for a period of time greater than ten
97	years, either consecutively or in the aggregate;

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98	(D) The certification of an economically disadvantaged area shall be made on the basis of
99	a determination by the Development Office that an area meets the poverty criteria established in
100	paragraphs (A) and (B) of this subdivision;
101	(E) No economically disadvantaged area may be certified within twenty-five miles of any
102	other certified economically disadvantaged area. Not more than six economically disadvantaged
103	areas may hold the status of certified economically disadvantaged areas at any one time in this
104	state;
105	(F) At least a majority of all economically disadvantaged areas holding designations as
106	economically disadvantaged areas at any one time shall be located in rural areas; and
107	(G) The certification shall be filed with the Secretary of State and shall specifically set forth
108	the boundaries of the economically disadvantaged area by both description and map, the date of

(G) The certification shall be filed with the Secretary of State and shall specifically set forth the boundaries of the economically disadvantaged area by both description and map, the date of certification of the area as an economically disadvantaged area, the date on which the certification will terminate and a statement of the director's findings as to the aggregate poverty rate of persons living in the certified economically disadvantaged area. any region of the state with a poverty rate greater than the average statewide poverty rate as determined by the U. S. Census Bureau's most recently published data.

(11) AEconomically disadvantaged citizen@ means a natural person, who during the current taxable year has, or during the immediately preceding taxable year had, an annual gross personal income not exceeding one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal designated poverty level for personal incomes, and who is a domiciliary and resident of this state.

(12) "Education" means any type of scholastic instruction to, or scholarship by, an individual that enables that individual to prepare for better life opportunities. Education does not include courses in physical training, physical conditioning, physical education, sports training, sports camps and similar training or conditioning courses, except for physical therapy prescribed by a physician or other person licensed to prescribe courses of medical treatment under this code.

(13) AEligible contribution@ consists of:

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124	(A)(i) Cash;
125	(ii) Tangible personal property, valued at its fair market value;
126	(iii) Real property, valued at its fair market value;
127	(iv) In-kind professional services, valued at seventy-five percent of fair market value; and
128	(v) Publicly traded common or preferred stock representing ownership in a corporation,
129	valued at its fair market value in accordance with the regulations of the Internal Revenue Service:
130	Provided, That contributed stock shall be sold by the project transferee within one hundred eighty
131	days of its receipt.
132	(B) For purposes of this definition, the value of in-kind professional services will not qualify
133	as an eligible contribution unless the services are:
134	(i) Reasonably priced and valued, and reasonably necessary services customarily and
135	normally provided by the contributor in the normal course of business to customers, clients or
136	patients other than those encompassed by the project plan;
137	(ii) Not reimbursable, in whole or in part, from sources other than the tax credit provided
138	under this article; and
139	(iii) Services which are not available without cost elsewhere in the community;
140	(C) AProfessional services@ means only those services provided directly by a physician
141	licensed to practice in this state, those services provided directly by a dentist licensed to practice
142	in this state, those services provided directly by a lawyer licensed to practice in this state, those
143	services provided directly by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, dental hygienist or other
144	health care professional licensed to practice in this state, those services provided directly by a
145	certified public accountant or public accountant licensed to practice in this state, and those
146	services provided directly by an architect licensed to practice in this state;
147	(D) Minimum contribution. — No contribution of cash, stock, property or professional

market value of less than \$500 qualifies as an eligible contribution;

services or any combination thereof contributed in any tax year by any taxpayer having a fair

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150	(E) Maximum contribution. — No contribution of cash, stock, property or professional
151	services or any combination thereof contributed in any tax year by any taxpayer having a fair
152	market value in excess of \$200,000 qualifies as an eligible contribution; and
153	(F) Limitations. — Not more than twenty-five percent of total eligible contributions to a
154	certified project may be in-kind contributions. Not more than twenty-five percent of total eligible
155	contributions made by any taxpayer to any certified project may be in-kind contributions.
156	(14) Eligible taxpayer. —
157	(A) AEligible taxpayer@ means any person subject to the taxes imposed by article twenty-
158	one, twenty-three or twenty-four of this chapter which makes an eligible contribution to a qualified
159	charitable organization pursuant to the terms of a certified project plan for the purpose of providing
160	neighborhood assistance, community services or crime prevention, or for the purpose of providing
161	job training or education for individuals not employed by the contributing taxpayer or an affiliate
162	of the contributing taxpayer or a person related to the contributing taxpayer;
163	(B) "Eligible taxpayer" also includes an affiliated group of taxpayers if the group elects to
164	file a consolidated corporation net income tax return under article twenty-four of this chapter and

file a consolidated corporation net income tax return under article twenty-four of this chapter and if one or more affiliates included in the affiliated group would qualify as an eligible taxpayer under paragraph (A) of this subdivision.

"Emergency assistance" means the provision of basic needs including shelter, clothing, food, water, medical attention or supplies, personal safety, or funds to obtain these to an individual facing circumstances that prevent him or her from securing or maintaining these basic needs.

- (15) Alncludes and including@, when used in a definition contained in this article, shall not be considered to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term defined.
- (16) "Job training" means instruction to an individual that enables the individual to acquire vocational skills to become employable or able to seek a higher grade of employment.
 - (17) ANatural person or individual@ means a human being. The terms "natural person"

and "individual" do not mean, and specifically exclude, any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, organization, association, agency, governmental subdivision, syndicate, affiliate or affiliation, group, unit or any entity other than a human being.

- (18) "Neighborhood assistance" means either:
- (A) Furnishing financial assistance, labor, material and technical advice to aid in the physical or economic improvement of any part or all of an economically disadvantaged area; or
- (B) Furnishing technical advice to promote higher employment in an economically disadvantaged area.
 - (19) "Neighborhood organization" means any organization:
 - (A) Which is performing community services, as defined in this section; and
- (B) Which is exempt from income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (20) APartnership and partner@ includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or other unincorporated organization through or by means of which any business, financial operation or venture is carried on, and which is not a trust or estate, a corporation or a sole proprietorship. The term "partner" includes a member in a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or organization.
- (21) APerson@ includes any natural person, corporation, limited liability company or partnership.
- (22) AProject transferee@ means any neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person that receives an eligible contribution or part of an eligible contribution from an eligible taxpayer for the purpose of directly or indirectly providing neighborhood assistance, community services or crime prevention, or for the purpose of providing job training or education or other services or assistance pursuant to a project plan. The project transferee is typically the first entity or person receiving eligible contributions from eligible taxpayers under a project plan. However, in the case of eligible

contributions of in-kind services or other eligible contributions or portions of those contributions made pursuant to a certified project plan directly to indigent, disadvantaged or needy persons, economically disadvantaged citizens or other persons or organizations under the sponsorship or auspices of any neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person as a certified project participant, the eligible contributions shall be considered to have been made to the entity, organization or person under whose sponsorship or auspices the eligible contributions are made, and that entity, organization or person is considered to be the project transferee with relation to those eligible contributions. The project transferee is the entity, organization or person that is liable under this article for payment of the project certification fee to the West Virginia Development Office. The term "project transferee" means and includes any considered project transferee, considered as such under the provisions of this article.

- (23) AQualified charitable organization@ means a neighborhood organization, as defined in this section, which is the sponsor of a project which has received certification by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office pursuant to the requirements of this article: *Provided*, That no organization may qualify as a qualified organization for purposes of this article if the organization is not registered with this state as required under the Solicitation of Charitable Funds Act.
 - (24) ARelated person@ or Aperson related to@ a stated taxpayer means:
- (A) An individual, corporation, partnership, affiliate, association or trust or any combination or group thereof controlled by the taxpayer;
- (B) An individual, corporation, partnership, affiliate, association or trust or any combination or group thereof that is in control of the taxpayer;
- (C) An individual, corporation, partnership, affiliate, association or trust or any combination or group thereof controlled by an individual, corporation, partnership, affiliate, association or trust

or any combination or group thereof that is in control of the taxpayer; or

(D) A member of the same controlled group as the taxpayer.

For purposes of this article, "control", with respect to a corporation means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of the corporation which entitles its owner to vote. "Control", with respect to a trust, means ownership, directly or indirectly, of fifty percent or more of the beneficial interest in the principal or income of the trust. The ownership of stock in a corporation, of a capital or profits interest in a partnership or association or of a beneficial interest in a trust shall be determined in accordance with the rules for constructive ownership of stock provided in Section 267(c), other than paragraph (3) of that section, of the United States Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

- (25) "State fiscal year" means a twelve-month period beginning on July 1 and ending on June 30.
- (26) ATaxpayer@ means any person subject to the tax imposed by article twenty-one, twenty-three or twenty-four of this chapter, or any one or combination of the articles of this chapter.
 - (27) ATechnical assistance@ means:
- (A) Assistance in understanding, using and fulfilling the legal, bureaucratic and administrative requirements and qualifications which must be negotiated for the purpose of effectively accessing, obtaining and using private, charitable, not-for-profit or governmental assistance, resources or funds, and maximizing the value of the assistance, resources or fund:
- (B) Assistance provided by any person holding a license under West Virginia law to practice any licensed profession or occupation, by which the person, in the practice of the profession or occupation, assists economically disadvantaged citizens or the persons in an economically disadvantaged area by:
 - (i) Providing any type of health, personal finance, psychological or behavioral, religious,

legal, marital, educational or housing counseling and advice to economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or in an economically disadvantaged area;

- (ii) Providing emergency assistance or medical care to economically disadvantaged citizens or to a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or in an economically disadvantaged area:
- (iii) Establishing, maintaining or operating recreational facilities, or housing facilities for economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or in an economically disadvantaged area;
- (iv) Providing economic development assistance to economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens, without regard to whether they are located in an economically disadvantaged area, or to individuals, groups or neighborhood or community organizations, in an economically disadvantaged area; or
- (v) Providing community technical assistance and capacity building to economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens or to individuals, groups or neighborhood or community organizations in an economically disadvantaged area.

§11-13J-4. Eligibility for tax credits; creation of neighborhood investment fund; certification of project plans by the West Virginia Development Office.

(a) A neighborhood organization which seeks to sponsor a project and have that project certified pursuant to this article shall submit to the Director of the West Virginia Development Office an application for certification of a project plan, in such form as the director shall prescribe, setting forth the project to be implemented, the identity of all project participant organizations, the economically disadvantaged citizens or a specifically designated group of economically disadvantaged citizens, to be assisted by the project, or the economically disadvantaged area or areas selected for assistance by the project, the amount of total tax credits to be created by the

proposed project pursuant to the receipt of eligible contributions from eligible taxpayers under this article, the amount of the total estimated eligible contributions to be received pursuant to the project and the schedule for implementing the project.

- (b) Project certification fee; payment of costs; revolving fund. —
- (1) (A) *Project certification fee.* Any project transferee that receives eligible contributions under or pursuant to a certified project plan shall pay to the West Virginia Development Office a project certification fee in the amount of three percent of the amount of the total eligible contributions received by such project transferee pursuant to the certified project plan. The project certification fee shall be paid to the West Virginia Development Office within thirty days of the receipt of any eligible contribution, or portion thereof.
- (B) Eligible contributions made through direct service to end users or recipients, or contributions to end users or recipients. In the case of eligible contributions of in-kind services or other eligible contributions or portions thereof made pursuant to a certified project plan and contributed or provided directly to indigent, disadvantaged or needy persons, economically disadvantaged citizens or other persons or organizations made under the sponsorship or auspices of any neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person as a certified project participant, such eligible contributions shall be deemed to have been made to the entity, organization or person under whose sponsorship or auspices such eligible contributions are made, and that entity, organization or person is deemed to be the project transferee with relation to those eligible contributions. Such deemed project transferee shall be liable for the project certification fee due for such eligible contributions.
- (C) Computation of fee based on fair market value. In the case of eligible contributions consisting of in-kind services, tangible personal property or realty, the project transferee shall pay to the West Virginia Development Office a project certification fee in the amount of three percent of the fair market value of eligible contributions received pursuant to the certified project plan.

(2) Sanctions for failure to timely pay the project certification fee. — Failure to timely pay the project certification fee imposed by this section shall be grounds for imposition of any of the following sanctions, to be imposed by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office at the discretion of the director:

(A) Prospective revocation of the project certification. —

No tax credit shall be allowed for any project for which certification has been revoked for periods subsequent to the effective date of revocation. Credit taken by any taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible contribution to a project transferee pursuant to a certified project plan prior to the effective date of revocation of project certification shall not be subject to recapture by reason of revocation of the certification. However, such credit shall otherwise be subject to audit and adjustment or recapture in accordance with the requirements of this article.

(B) Retroactive withdrawal of the project certification. —

No tax credit shall be allowed for any project for which certification has been withdrawn. Credit taken by any taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible contribution to a project transferee pursuant to a certified project plan for which certification is later withdrawn pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be subject to recapture upon withdrawal of the certification.

(C) Suspension of the project certification for a stated period of time. —

No tax credit shall be allowed for contributions made during the suspension period for a project. Credit taken by any taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible contribution to a project transferee pursuant to a certified project plan prior to or subsequent to the suspension period shall not be subject to recapture by reason of the suspension. However, such credit shall otherwise be subject to audit and adjustment or recapture in accordance with the requirements of this article.

(D) Temporary or permanent disqualification of one or more project transferees,

neighborhood organizations, qualified charitable organizations, charitable organizations or other organizations, entities or persons from participation in a particular specified certified project. —

No tax credit shall be allowed under this article for any contribution made during the disqualification period to any project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person disqualified under this section from participation in a certified project. Tax credit taken by any taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible contribution to any project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person pursuant to a certified project plan prior to or subsequent to the disqualification period shall not be subject to recapture by reason of the disqualification of the recipient thereof. However, such credit shall otherwise be subject to audit and adjustment or recapture in accordance with the requirements of this article.

- (E) Temporary or permanent disqualification of any project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person, or group thereof, from participation in any and all certified projects currently in existence or to be formed, proposed or certified under this article. —
- (i) No tax credit shall be allowed under this article for any contribution made during the disqualification period to any project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person disqualified under this section from participation in any and all certified projects under this article. Tax credit taken by any eligible taxpayer in accordance with this article pursuant to the making of an eligible contribution to the project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person disqualified from participation in any and all certified projects under this article, pursuant to a certified project plan prior to or subsequent to the disqualification period shall not be subject to recapture by reason of the disqualification. However, such credit shall otherwise be subject to audit and adjustment or

recapture in accordance with the requirements of this article; and

- (ii) No certification shall be issued during the disqualification period for any proposed project in which a project transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person disqualified under this section from participation in any and all certified projects is listed as a proposed project participant.
 - (F) Any combination of the aforementioned sanctions.
- (3) Audits and investigations. The West Virginia Development Office or the Department of Revenue, or both, may initiate and carry out investigations or audits of any recipient of any eligible contribution under this article, any eligible taxpayer or any project transferee to determine whether the project certification fee imposed by this section has been paid in accordance with the requirements of this article.
 - (4) Procedures, failure to timely pay the project certification fee upon written demand. —
- (A) Written demand. The Director of the West Virginia Development Office shall, upon a reasonable belief that a project transferee has failed to timely pay the fee imposed by this section, issue a written demand for payment thereof, plus interest determined at the interest rate prescribed under section seventeen, article ten of this chapter, in such form as the Director of the West Virginia Development Office may specify. The Director of the West Virginia Development Office may also impose a penalty for failure to timely pay the project certification fee in the amount of twenty percent of the amount of the project certification fee due and interest due. Such demand shall notify the project transferee of the opportunity to show that the project certification fee is not due and owing.
 - (B) Failure to pay pursuant to written demand. —

Failure of the project transferee to pay any project certification fee due, with interest and penalties, as stated in the written demand for payment of the project certification fee, within thirty days of service of such demand, and failure of the project transferee to prove to the satisfaction of the Director of the West Virginia Development Office that the fee imposed by this section is not

due and owing, shall result in a determination by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office that sanctions shall apply.

- (C) Notice of pending sanctions. Upon the making of a determination by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office that sanctions for failure to pay the project certification fee apply, the Director of the West Virginia Development Office shall serve upon the project transferee from which the project certification fee, or some portion thereof, is due and owing, a notice of pending sanctions. If the project transferee from which the certified project fee, or some portion thereof, is due and owing is not the applicant for project certification, then an informational copy of the notice of pending sanctions shall also be served upon the applicant for project certification.
- (D) Service of notice, content of notice. The notice of pending sanctions shall be served upon the delinquent project transferee in the same manner as an assessment of tax in accordance with article ten of this chapter. Such notice of pending sanctions shall state the sanctions to be applied in accordance with this section, the effective date or dates of such sanctions, with specific statements of whether any sanction is to be applied retroactively or in part retroactively, and the commencement and termination dates for any suspensions of certification or temporary disqualifications of any program transferee, neighborhood organization, qualified charitable organization, charitable organization or other organization, entity or person to be disqualified under this section from participation in certified projects. The notice of pending sanctions shall state that sanctions shall be imposed sixty days after service of the notice of pending sanctions upon the delinquent project transferee, unless the delinquent project transferee pays the amount of the project certification fee due and owing, plus interest and penalties.
- (E) Appeals. The project transferee may file an appeal of pending sanctions as if the notice of pending sanctions were an assessment of tax under article ten of this chapter, and the matter on appeal shall be subject to the procedures set forth in article ten of this chapter. On appeal, the burden of proof shall be on the project transferee to prove that the project certification fee and associated interest and penalties are not due and owing. The review on appeal shall be

404 limited to:

- (i) The issue of whether a failure to timely pay the project certification fee or any portion thereof has occurred, the time period or periods over which such failure occurred, and whether such failure continues to occur;
 - (ii) The amount of the project certification fee and interest due; and
- (iii) The mathematical and methodological accuracy of the computation of the project certification fee, interest and penalties.
- (F) Statutory confidentiality. No information, document or proceeding brought pursuant to this section, relating to the liability of any project transferee for the project certification fee, interest or penalties imposed under this section is subject to the confidentiality provisions of article ten of this chapter or any other confidentiality provision of this code. However, any proceeding relating to any amount of tax due or the recapture of tax credit taken under this article or any adjustment of the amount of tax credit taken under this article is subject to the provisions of article ten of this chapter, including all statutory confidentiality provisions, and shall be subject to all other applicable statutory tax confidentiality provisions of this code.
- (G) Effect of a final determination, waiver of penalties or sanctions. The notice of pending sanctions shall become final sixty days after service, unless an appeal is filed under this section, and shall not be subject to further appeal by the recipient thereof. When a determination has become final that a project transferee has failed to timely pay the project certification fee, or any part thereof, the sanctions described in the notice of pending sanctions shall apply, effective as of the date set forth in that notice, unless the project certification fee, interest and penalties due are paid to the West Virginia Development Office within thirty days of the date on which the determination has become final. The twenty percent penalty authorized under this section may be imposed, adjusted, withdrawn or waived, in whole or in part, at the discretion of the Director of the West Virginia Development Office. However, payment of the project certification fee and interest due shall not be subject to waiver. The sanctions for failure to pay the project certification

fee authorized under this section may be imposed, adjusted, withdrawn or waived, in whole or in part, at the discretion of the Director of the West Virginia Development Office.

- (c) Within sixty days after the close of the regular meeting of the Neighborhood Investment Advisory Board at which a complete application for approval of a proposed project is considered by the board, the Director of the West Virginia Development Office shall certify, or deny certification of, the proposed project for which such application has been filed: *Provided*, That applications for which the board requires additional information may be considered at the next regular meeting of the board. Those applications not approved by the director within sixty days of final action of the board shall be deemed disapproved by operation of law.
- (d) The West Virginia Development Office shall promptly notify an applicant as to whether an application for certification of a project plan has been approved or disapproved.
- (e) Those prospective qualified charitable organizations which receive certification of a project plan, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of this article so as to become qualified charitable organizations, as defined in section three of this article, may receive eligible contributions, as defined in said section. Eligible taxpayers which make eligible contributions shall receive a tax credit as provided in section five of this article. No tax credit may be granted under this article for any contribution except eligible contributions made to a project which has been certified in accordance with the requirements of this article prior to the making of the contribution. No tax credit may be granted under this article for any contribution which, if allowed, would cause the amount of tax credit generated by the project to exceed the maximum amount of tax credit for which the project was certified as stated in the application for project certification filed with the West Virginia Development Office.
- (f) All applications for certification of a project filed with the West Virginia Development Office, whether such project is certified or denied certification, are public information which may be viewed and copied by the public and, at the discretion of the West Virginia Development Office, published by the West Virginia Development Office.

(g) Project	transferees	shall	file	quarterly	<u>biannual</u>	reports	with	the	West	Virginia
Develop	ment Offic	e on the prog	gress c	of the	e certified	oroject. Th	ne quarte	erly bi	<u>annu</u>	<u>al</u> repo	orts shall
be filed i	in a form a	pproved by th	ne dire	ctor.							

(h) Revolving fund. —

- (1) For the purpose of permitting payments to be made and costs to be met for operation of the program established by this article, there is hereby created a revolving fund for the West Virginia Development Office, which shall be known as the Neighborhood Investment Fund. All money received by the West Virginia Development Office under this article shall be paid into the State Treasury, and shall be deposited to the credit of the Neighborhood Investment Fund, and shall be expended only for the purposes of defraying the costs of the Neighborhood Investment Program Advisory Board and the West Virginia Development Office in administering the program established pursuant to this article, unless otherwise directed by the Legislature.
- (2) The Neighborhood Investment Fund shall be accumulated and administered as follows:
- (A) Payments received under this article shall be deposited into the Neighborhood Investment Fund.
- (B) Any appropriations made to the Neighborhood Investment Fund shall not be deemed to have expired at the end of any fiscal period.

§11-13J-4a. Neighborhood Investment Program Advisory Board.

- (a) There is hereby created a Neighborhood Investment Program Advisory Board, which shall consist of twelve voting members and the chairperson.
 - (b) Chairperson. —
- (1) The Director of the West Virginia Development Office, or the designee of the Director of the West Virginia Development Office, shall be the ex officio chairperson of the Neighborhood Investment Program Advisory Board.
 - (2) The chairperson shall vote on actions of the board only in the event of a tie vote, in

which case the chairperson's vote shall be the deciding vote.

- (c) Board members. —
- (1) Four members shall be officers or members of the boards of directors of unrelated corporations which are not affiliated with one another and which are currently licensed to do business in West Virginia.
- (2) Four members shall be executive directors, officers or members of the boards of directors of unrelated not-for-profit organizations which are not affiliated with one another which currently hold charitable organization status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which are currently licensed to do business in West Virginia.
- (3) Four members shall be economically disadvantaged citizens of the state that, for the taxable year immediately preceding the year of appointment to the board, had an annual gross personal income that was not more than one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal designated poverty level for personal incomes, and who has been a domiciliary and resident of this state for at least one year at the time of appointment.

A member appointed under this subdivision is not disqualified from completion of his or her term if his or her income in the year of appointment or in any year subsequent to the year of appointment exceeds one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal designated poverty level. A member shall not be eligible for reappointment under this subdivision unless he or she meets the original qualifications for appointment: *Provided*, That such member may be reappointed pursuant to qualification under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection if the member meets the requirements of subdivision (1) or (2), respectively.

- (d) Limitations; terms of members; appointments. —
- (1) Not more than four members, exclusive of the chairperson, shall be appointed from any one congressional district. Not more than seven of the members, exclusive of the chairperson, may belong to the same political party. Members shall be eligible for reappointment. However, no member may serve for more than three consecutive terms.

board meetings.

507	(2) Appointment terms. —
508	(A) Except for initial appointments described under subdivision (3) of this subsection, and
509	except for midterm special appointments made to fill irregular vacancies on the board, members
510	shall be appointed for terms of three years each.
511	(B) Except for midterm special appointments made to fill irregular vacancies on the board,
512	appointment terms shall begin on July 1 of the beginning year. All appointment terms, special and
513	regular, shall end on June 30 of the ending year.
514	(3) Selection of members. —
515	(A) For the initial appointment of members under this subdivision, members shall be
516	selected by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office.
517	(B) At the end of a member's term, the chairperson shall solicit new member nominations
518	from the board and appoint the most appropriate person to serve, in compliance with the
519	requirements set forth in this section.
520	(C) Vacancies on the board shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments
521	for the duration of the unexpired term.
522	(e) Quorum; meetings; funding. —
523	(1) The presence of a majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum for the
524	transaction of business. The board shall elect from among its members a vice chairperson and
525	such other officers as are necessary.
526	(2) The board shall meet not less than four two times during the fiscal year, and additional
527	meetings may be held upon a call of the chairperson or of a majority of the members: Provided,
528	That no meeting of the board shall be required if the total amount of tax credits available for the
529	fiscal year have been allotted.
530	(3) Board members shall be reimbursed by the West Virginia Development Office for sums
531	necessary to carry out responsibilities of the board and for reasonable travel expenses to attend

- (f) Annual report. The board shall make a report to the Governor and the Legislature within thirty days of the close of each fiscal year. The report shall include summaries of all meetings of the board, an analysis of the overall progress of the program, fiscal concerns, the relative impact the program is having on the state and any suggestions and policy recommendations that the board may have. The report shall be public information made available to the general public for examination and copying. The board is authorized to publish the annual report, should the board elect to do so.
 - (g) Duties of the board. —
- (1) *Administrative duties.* The board shall be responsible for advising the West Virginia Development Office concerning the administrative obligations of the program.
 - (2) Project evaluation and approval; prohibition on project promotion. —
- (A) The board shall select and approve projects, which may then be certified by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office pursuant to section four of this article.
- (B) Only projects sponsored by qualified charitable organizations, as defined in section three of this article, may be approved by the board or certified by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office. An applicant that does not hold current status as a charitable organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code may not receive project approval from the board, or project certification from the Director of the West Virginia Development Office, for any proposed project. Failure of any applicant to provide convincing documentation proving such status as a charitable organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code shall result in automatic denial of project approval and denial of project certification under this article.
- (3) *Criteria for evaluation.* In evaluating projects for approval, the board shall give priority to projects based upon the following criteria. A proposed project shall be favored if:
 - (A) The project is community based. A project is community based if:
- (i) The project is to be managed locally, without national, state, multistate or international affiliations:

559	(ii) The project will benefit local citizens in the immediate geographic area where the
560	project is to operate; and
561	(iii) The sponsor of the project is a local entity, rather than a statewide, national or
562	international organization or an affiliate of a statewide, national or international organization.
563	(B) The proposed project will primarily serve low income persons.
564	(C) The proposed project will serve highly distressed neighborhoods or communities.
565	(D) The project plan incorporates collaborative partnerships among nonprofit groups,
566	businesses, government organizations and other community organizations.
567	(E) The applicant or sponsor of the project has demonstrated a proven capacity to deliver
568	the proposed services.
569	(F) The applicant or sponsor of the project historically maintains low reasonable
570	administrative costs.
571	(G) The applicant produces a strong showing of need for the services which the proposed
572	project would provide, and produces convincing documentation of that need.
573	(H) The proposed project is innovative, novel, creative or unique in program approach.
574	(4) If an applicant is directly or indirectly affiliated with one or more board members, those
575	members shall not discuss the proposals with one or more board members, and shall not have a
576	vote when that project is considered for final approval or disapproval.
577	(5) Project approval by the board. — Proposed projects shall be approved or denied
578	approval by a majority vote of the board after competitive comparison with proposed projects of
579	other applicants.
580	(h) Project certification by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office. —
581	(1) Upon issuance of approval for a project by the board, the approved project shall be
582	certified by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office: Provided, That no certification
583	may issue for any project, even though the project may have been approved by the board, if the

issuance of certification for such project will cause the aggregate amount of tax credits certified

to exceed the limitation set forth in this article. No certification may be issued by the Director of the West Virginia Development Office for any project which has not been approved by the board.

- (2) The West Virginia Development Office shall promptly notify applicants of the issuance of certification for their projects and shall issue tax credit vouchers to certified project applicants in the amount of the tax credit represented by the project.
- (3) The West Virginia Development Office may provide incidental technical support and guidance to projects certified under this article and may monitor the progress of the projects. The West Virginia Development Office shall make a quarterly biannual report to the board on the progress of certified projects and the program generally.

§11-13J-10. Public information relating to tax credit.

The Tax Commissioner shall annually publish in the State Register the name and address of every taxpayer asserting this credit on a tax return, and the amount of any credit asserted on a tax return under this article by each such taxpayer, and the confidentiality provisions of section four-a, article one of this chapter or section five-d, article ten of this chapter, or of any other provision of this code, do not apply to such information.

§11-13J-12. Program evaluation; expiration of credit; preservation of entitlement.

Beginning on December 15, 2005, and every second third year thereafter, the director shall secure an independent review of the Neighborhood Investment Program created by this article and present the findings to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance. Unless sooner terminated by law, the Neighborhood Investment Program Act terminates on July 1, 2016 2021. There is no entitlement to the tax credit under this article for a contribution made to a certified project after July 1, 2016 2021, and no credit is available to any taxpayer for any contribution made after that date. Taxpayers which have gained entitlement to the credit pursuant to eligible contributions made to certified projects prior to July 1, 2016 2021, shall retain that entitlement and apply the credit in due course pursuant to the requirements and limitations of this article.